

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, New York, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
All industries including state and local government⁴		2.9	199.2
Private industry⁴		2.3	137.5
Goods-producing⁴		2.9	21.4
Natural resources and mining^{4,5}		2.6	0.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁴		2.6	0.5
Crop production (scope changed in 2009) ⁴	111	3.4	0.2
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁴	112	2.5	0.2
Mining⁵		2.2	0.1
Construction		3.1	8.9
Construction		3.1	8.9
Construction of buildings	236	1.2	0.9
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	3.4	0.8
Specialty trade contractors	238	3.8	7.2
Manufacturing		2.7	11.9
Manufacturing		2.7	11.9
Food manufacturing	311	2.8	1.3
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	5.5	0.3
Textile mills	313	0.9	(^b)
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	0.6	0.1
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.7	0.3
Paper manufacturing	322	3.1	0.5
Printing and related support activities	323	3.1	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, New York, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
Chemical manufacturing	325	1.8	0.7
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	2.8	0.6
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.5	0.8
Primary metal manufacturing	331	5.3	0.5
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	3.5	1.8
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	2.4	1.0
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	1.2	0.7
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	2.4	0.3
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	3.2	0.7
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	2.5	0.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	3.6	1.1
Service-providing		2.2	116.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁷		3.1	38.8
Wholesale trade		2.4	7.8
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	2.3	3.4
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	2.6	3.6
Retail trade		3.3	22.2
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.3	2.3
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	1.6	0.3
Electronics and appliance stores	443	1.0	0.3
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.7	2.6
Food and beverage stores	445	4.4	6.8
Health and personal care stores	446	2.6	1.6
Gasoline stations	447	1.3	0.3
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	1.9	1.7
General merchandise stores	452	4.1	3.7
Nonstore retailers	454	3.6	0.9

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Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
Transportation and warehousing⁷		4.0	8.3
Air transportation	481	4.4	1.2
Rail transportation ⁷	482	3.2	0.6
Water transportation	483	1.3	(8)
Truck transportation	484	4.8	1.8
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	3.3	1.8
Pipeline transportation	486	--	(8)
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	4.5	0.1
Support activities for transportation	488	1.3	0.3
Couriers and messengers	492	5.5	1.2
Warehousing and storage	493	6.9	1.3
Utilities		1.4	0.5
Utilities	221	1.4	0.5
Information		1.1	2.5
Information		1.1	2.5
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	0.6	0.3
Broadcasting (except Internet)	515	1.1	0.4
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	3.1	1.5
Data processing, hosting, and related services (scope changed in 2009)	518	0.5	0.1
Other information services (scope changed in 2009)	519	0.3	0.1
Financial activities		0.8	5.0
Finance and insurance		0.3	1.6
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	0.5	0.7
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities	523	0.1	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, New York, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	0.5	0.6
Real estate and rental and leasing		2.1	3.4
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	2.2	3.1
Rental and leasing services	532	1.9	0.3
Professional and business services		1.1	11.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services		0.5	2.8
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	0.5	2.8
Management of companies and enterprises		0.5	0.6
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		2.0	7.7
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	1.8	6.2
Waste management and remediation services	562	7.0	1.5
Education and health services		3.3	39.9
Educational services		1.5	3.1
Educational services	611	1.5	3.1
Health care and social assistance		3.6	36.8
Ambulatory health care services	621	1.6	5.4
Hospitals	622	5.2	15.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	5.8	10.2
Social assistance	624	2.8	6.0

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Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, New York, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
Leisure and hospitality		2.7	14.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		2.9	2.6
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	3.2	1.1
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	3.9	0.5
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	2.4	1.0
Accommodation and food services		2.7	11.9
Accommodation	721	4.8	3.3
Food services and drinking places	722	2.3	8.7
Other services		1.8	4.2
Other services, except public administration		1.8	4.2
Repair and maintenance	811	2.1	1.0
Personal and laundry services	812	2.0	1.7
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	1.4	1.4
State and local government⁴		6.3	61.8
State government⁴		7.8	15.1
Service-providing		--	--
Education and health services		10.6	8.6
Educational services		3.5	1.4
Educational services	611	3.5	1.4
Health care and social assistance		17.5	7.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, New York, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
Hospitals	622	16.1	2.7
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	18.5	4.5
Public administration		5.5	5.7
Public administration		5.5	5.7
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	1.6	0.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	8.2	4.2
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.3	0.2
Administration of economic programs	926	4.8	0.8
Local government⁴		6.0	46.7
Goods-producing⁴		--	(⁸)
Service-providing		6.0	46.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁷		4.2	2.4
Transportation and warehousing⁷		4.1	2.3
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	4.1	2.2
Education and health services		4.3	17.9
Educational services		4.1	15.1
Educational services	611	4.1	15.1
Health care and social assistance		6.1	2.8
Ambulatory health care services	621	2.0	(⁸)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, New York, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
Hospitals	622	5.7	2.0
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8.8	0.7
Social assistance	624	--	(8)
Public administration		8.6	23.1
Public administration		8.6	23.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	14.6	11.0
Administration of human resource programs	923	2.0	0.5
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	4.6	0.3
Administration of economic programs	926	6.5	0.4

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, New York, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
<p>¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where</p> <p>N = number of injuries EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).</p> <p>² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.</p> <p>³ <i>North American Industry Classification System</i> -- United States, 2007.</p> <p>⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.</p> <p>⁵ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the <i>North American Industry Classification System</i> -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.</p> <p>⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.</p> <p>⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.</p> <p>⁸ Data too small to be displayed.</p> <p>NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.</p> <p>SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with</p>			