

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including State and local government⁴		18.3	2.2	2.7	0.2	1.3	11.8
Private industry⁴		14.8	1.7	1.7	0.1	1.4	9.9
Goods producing⁴		28.0	2.3	1.1	0.4	7.4	16.8
Natural resources and mining^{4,6}		23.2	12.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁴	11	27.0	16.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Crop production ⁴	111	41.5	29.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Animal production ⁴	112	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Forestry and logging	113	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	115	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Mining⁶	21	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		12.4	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	11.1
Construction	23	12.4	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	11.1
Construction of buildings	236	3.5	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	3.3
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	9.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	8.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	16.2	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	14.2
Manufacturing		36.4	2.8	1.5	--	11.4	20.2
Manufacturing	31-33	36.4	2.8	1.5	--	11.4	20.2
Food manufacturing	311	30.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	14.0	14.6
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Textile mills	313	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Textile product mills	314	33.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	30.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Apparel manufacturing	315	8.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	8.6
Wood product manufacturing	321	27.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	16.4	(⁹)
Paper manufacturing	322	50.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	26.1	19.1
Printing and related support activities	323	24.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	17.0	6.9
Chemical manufacturing	325	49.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	41.5
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	28.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	6.4	18.7
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	58.9	13.4	--	(⁹)	22.7	13.0
Primary metal manufacturing	331	80.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	47.0	29.2
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	37.1	5.4	--	(⁹)	14.3	16.5
Machinery manufacturing	333	29.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	10.6	16.1
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	23.0	2.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	18.0
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	30.0	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	16.4
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	103.8	6.7	4.3	(⁹)	42.0	50.8
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	12.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	23.7	4.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	18.2
Service providing		12.5	1.6	1.8	0.1	0.3	8.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		10.4	0.7	1.4	0.1	0.7	7.5
Wholesale trade	42	6.6	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	4.9
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	4.5	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	10.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	10.6
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Retail trade	44-45	8.6	0.9	1.0	0.2	(⁹)	6.4
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	13.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	13.4
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Electronics and appliance stores	443	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	6.0	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Food and beverage stores	445	6.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	6.5
Health and personal care stores	446	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Gasoline stations	447	--	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
General merchandise stores	452	25.3	2.3	2.6	--	(⁹)	19.5
Nonstore retailers	454	32.6	--	--	(⁹)	--	--
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	20.6	(⁹)	2.1	(⁹)	3.0	14.7
Air transportation	481	59.0	(⁹)	8.2	(⁹)	16.9	33.9
Rail transportation ⁸	482	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Water transportation	483	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Truck transportation	484	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	11.7	(⁹)	3.2	(⁹)	--	7.3
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Support activities for transportation	488	6.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	6.8
Couriers and messengers	492	51.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	45.8
Warehousing and storage	493	20.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	18.9
Utilities	22	16.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	9.2
Utilities	221	16.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	9.2
Information		5.9	1.1	(⁹)	--	1.1	2.7
Information	51	5.9	1.1	(⁹)	--	1.1	2.7
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	9.0	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	3.4	5.2
Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Broadcasting (except Internet)	515	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Telecommunications	517	11.8	4.7	--	--	(⁹)	3.5
Internet service providers, web search portals, and data processing services	518	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Other information services	519	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Financial activities		7.3	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	--	6.0
Finance and insurance	52	5.2	(⁹)	0.3	(⁹)	--	4.7
Monetary authorities - central bank	521	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	3.8	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities	523	4.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	3.8
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	8.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	7.7
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	525	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	13.9	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Real estate	531	6.7	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	2.1
Rental and leasing services	532	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Professional and business services		7.7	2.1	1.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	3.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	6.0	0.8	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	2.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	6.0	0.8	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	2.6
Management of companies and enterprises	55	9.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	8.1
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	10.1	5.3	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	4.6
Administrative and support services	561	10.0	5.7	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	4.1
Waste management and remediation services	562	12.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	12.1
Education and health services		23.6	2.3	2.2	(⁹)	0.3	18.8
Educational services	61	14.9	2.2	2.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	10.1
Health care and social assistance	62	25.5	2.3	2.2	(⁹)	0.3	20.6
Ambulatory health care services	621	10.7	0.8	1.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	8.5
Hospitals	622	51.9	2.6	5.7	(⁹)	1.1	42.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	18.5	3.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	14.6
Social assistance	624	18.1	3.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	14.5
Leisure and hospitality		11.0	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	2.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	10.3	2.5	3.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	10.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	4.7
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	25.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	--	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Accommodation and food services	72	11.1	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	2.3
Accommodation	721	24.1	4.8	5.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	14.1
Food services and drinking places	722	--	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Other services		11.2	1.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	9.7
Other services, except public administration	81	11.2	1.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	9.7
Repair and maintenance	811	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Personal and laundry services	812	21.0	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	20.2
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	--	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
State and local government		38.6	5.4	8.7	0.4	1.0	23.1
State government		31.7	3.6	4.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	22.3
Service providing		31.7	3.6	4.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	22.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Education and health services		27.8	4.5	7.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	16.0
Educational services	61	16.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	11.7
Educational services	611	16.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	11.7
Health care and social assistance	62	37.3	7.0	10.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	19.6
Hospitals	622	55.1	15.2	21.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	18.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	26.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	20.2
Leisure and hospitality		109.5	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	82.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	109.5	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	82.9
Other services		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Public administration		32.9	2.7	3.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	25.3
Public administration	92	32.9	2.7	3.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	25.3
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	21.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	21.0
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	33.4	(⁹)	4.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	27.0
Administration of human resource programs	923	28.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	25.1
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	76.9	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administration of economic programs	926	37.8	13.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	20.7
Local government		40.4	5.9	9.7	0.5	1.1	23.3
Goods producing ⁴		147.8	72.6	16.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	52.3
Construction		--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	23	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	151.8	74.8	16.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	53.9
Service providing		37.9	4.3	9.5	0.5	1.0	22.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		30.8	3.7	7.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	18.4
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	29.2	(⁹)	7.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	18.7
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	29.2	(⁹)	7.5	(⁹)	(⁹)	19.1
Utilities	22	57.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Utilities	221	57.4	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	--
Information		--	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	--
Financial activities		18.7	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
Professional and business services		73.5	(^a)	13.8	(^a)	(^a)	45.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	74.2	(^a)	13.9	(^a)	(^a)	46.1
Administrative and support services	561	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
Waste management and remediation services	562	75.1	(^a)	14.9	(^a)	(^a)	47.7
Education and health services		22.0	3.2	5.5	(^a)	(^a)	12.8
Educational services	61	19.3	3.4	5.5	(^a)	(^a)	9.8
Educational services	611	19.3	3.4	5.5	(^a)	(^a)	9.8
Health care and social assistance	62	35.4	2.5	5.2	(^a)	(^a)	27.6
Hospitals	622	39.0	(^a)	6.1	(^a)	(^a)	30.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	39.1	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	34.5
Leisure and hospitality		58.6	25.2	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	21.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	60.1	25.9	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	22.0
Accommodation and food services	72	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
Other services		(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
Public administration		74.6	5.7	19.7	0.8	2.6	45.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2006 -- Continued

New York

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Public administration	92	74.6	5.7	19.7	0.8	2.6	45.7
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	22.7	6.6	3.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	12.5
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	120.2	6.6	33.7	(⁹)	3.3	75.4
Administration of human resource programs	923	6.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	48.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administration of housing programs, urban planning, and community development	925	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administration of economic programs	926	35.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	21.4

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data too small to be displayed.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the

coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.